

str. 59, př. 1

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (2x + 5) = 2 \cdot (-1) + 5 = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (3x^2 + 1) = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{3x^2 + 5}{x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x^2 \cdot 3 + \frac{5}{x^2}}{1 - \frac{1}{x}} = 1 \cdot \frac{3 + \frac{5}{0^+}}{1 - \frac{1}{1^+}} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x - 1}{x + 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 - \frac{1}{x}}{1 + \frac{4}{x}} = \frac{2 - 0}{1 + 0} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \operatorname{sign} |\sin x| = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 1 \Rightarrow \text{neexistuje}$$

str. 59, př. 2

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x \cdot \sin x}{x} = 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{2x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{2x \cdot \cos x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2 \cos x} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^x - 1}{\ln(x + 1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{2^x - 1}{x}}{\frac{\ln(x + 1)}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^x - 1}{1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x \cdot \ln 2 - \ln 1 = \ln 2$$

str. 59, př. 3

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 1}{x^3 + 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^3}}{1 + \frac{3}{x^3}} = \frac{0 + 0 - 0}{1 + 0} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^3 - 1}{x^4 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{2}{x} - \frac{1}{x^4}}{1 + \frac{1}{x^4}} = \frac{0 - 0}{1 + 0} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^2 - 2x + 1}{2x^2 + 3x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4 - \frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}}{2 + \frac{3}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}} = \frac{4 - 0 + 0}{2 + 0 - 0} = 2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^3 - 2x + 5}{2x^2 + 3x - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 - \frac{2}{x^2} + \frac{5}{x^3}}{1 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}} = \frac{3 - 0 + 0}{1 + 0 + 0} = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^3 + 2x}{x^3 + x^2 + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^2 \cdot \left(\frac{x + \frac{2}{x}}{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}} \right) = \infty \cdot \left(\frac{\infty + \frac{2}{\infty}}{1 + \frac{1}{\infty^2}} \right) = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x^3 + x^2 + 1}{x^2 + x + 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^3 \cdot \frac{2 + \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^3}}{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^3}} = -\infty \cdot \frac{2 + 0 + 0}{0 + 0 + 0} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^5 + x^3 + 2}{2x^3 - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^5}{x^3} \cdot \frac{1 + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{x^5}}{2 - \frac{1}{x^3}} = \infty \cdot \frac{1 + 0 + 0}{2 - 0} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1 - x^5}{1 + x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^5}{x^2} \cdot \frac{-\frac{1}{x^5} + 1}{\frac{1}{x^2} + 1} = -\infty \cdot \frac{0 + 1}{0 + 1} = -\infty$$

str. 59, př. 4

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 - 2x - 1}{x^2 + 2x - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1 - \frac{2}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}}{1 + \frac{2}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}} = \frac{1 + 2 - 1}{1 - 2 - 2} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^2 + 1} = \frac{4 - 6 + 2}{4 + 1} = \frac{0}{5} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 - 3x + 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(1+x) \cdot (x-2)}{(x-1) \cdot (x-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1+x}{x-1} = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x+3}{x^2 - x - 2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\frac{1}{x} + \frac{3}{x^2}}{1 - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{2}{x^2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}}{1 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{4}} = \frac{\frac{5}{4}}{0} \Rightarrow \text{neexistuje}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x-4}{x^2 - 4x + 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\frac{1}{x} - \frac{4}{x^2}}{1 - \frac{4}{x} + \frac{3}{x^2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} - \frac{4}{9}}{1 - \frac{4}{3} + \frac{3}{9}} = \frac{-\frac{1}{9}}{0} \Rightarrow \text{neexistuje}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+2}{x^2 + 2x + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{1}{0} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \left(\frac{2}{x^2 - 1} - \frac{1}{x-1} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{2(x-1) - (x^2 - 1)}{(x-1)^2 \cdot (x+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-x^2 + 2x - 1}{(x-1)^2 \cdot (x+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-1 \cdot (x-1)^2}{(x+1) \cdot (x-1)^2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

str. 59, př. 5

a)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x-1}+2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(x+1) \cdot (\sqrt{x-1}-2)}{(\sqrt{x-1}+2)(\sqrt{x-1}-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x\sqrt{x-1} - 2x + \sqrt{x-1} - 2}{x-1-4} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x-1} - 2 + \sqrt{\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}} + \frac{2}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{4}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\infty - 2 + 0 - 0}{1 - 0 - 0} = \infty$$

b)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x-2}{\sqrt{x^2-4}-2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3 - \frac{2}{x}}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{4}{x^2}} - \frac{2}{x}} = \frac{3-0}{\sqrt{1-0}-0} = 3$$

c)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x+1}{\sqrt{4x^2-2}+1} = -\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2+\frac{1}{x}}{\sqrt{4-\frac{2}{x^2}+\frac{1}{x}}} = \frac{-2-0}{2} = -1$$

d)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} \frac{\sqrt{x-2}-2}{x-6} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 6} \frac{(\sqrt{x-2}-2) \cdot (\sqrt{x-2}+2)}{(x-6)(\sqrt{x-2}+2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 6} \frac{x-2-4}{(x-6)(\sqrt{x-2}+2)} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4}+2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

e)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x+2}-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x+2}-1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x+2}+1}{\sqrt{x+2}+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(\sqrt{x+2}+1)}{x+2-1} = \sqrt{1}+1=2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x-1}+\sqrt{x+1}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x-1-(x+1)}{x(\sqrt{x-1}-\sqrt{x+1})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-2}{\infty} = 0$$

f)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x-1}+\sqrt{x+1}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x-1-(x+1)}{x(\sqrt{x-1}-\sqrt{x+1})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-2}{\infty} = 0$$

g)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2+2x}-x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2+2x}-x) \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{x^2+2x}+x)}{(\sqrt{x^2+2x}+x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2+2x-x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+2x}+x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2+2x}+x} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+\frac{2}{x}}+1} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1+0}+1} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

h)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2+2}+x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^2+2}+x) \cdot \frac{(\sqrt{x^2+2}-x)}{(\sqrt{x^2+2}-x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2+2-x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+2}-x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{\sqrt{x^2+2x}+x} =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{2}{x}}{\sqrt{1+\frac{2}{x}}+1} = \frac{0}{\sqrt{1+0}+1} = 0$$

i)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (\sqrt{x^2+2}-x) = \sqrt{\infty+2} + \infty = \infty$$

str. 59, př. 6

a)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x+\sin(x)}{x+\cos(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{x+\sin(x)}{x}}{\frac{x+\cos(x)}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{x}{x} + \frac{\sin(x)}{x}}{\frac{x}{x} + \frac{\cos(x)}{x}} = \frac{1+0}{1+0} = 1$$

b)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \text{neexistuje, protože v } x = 1 \text{ v není spojitá.}$$

c)

d)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\arctan(x)}{x} = \frac{-\frac{\pi}{2}}{-\infty} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\ln x + \cos(x)) =$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 + x \sin(x)}{x+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x + x \frac{\sin(x)}{x}}{\frac{x+1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x \left(x + x \frac{\sin(x)}{x} \right)}{x+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x(x+0)}{x+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2}{x+1} \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x}{1} = -\infty$$

str. 59, př. 7

a)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \sqrt[3]{2x^2 + 3x - 5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^6 \sqrt[3]{2 + \frac{3}{x} - \frac{5}{x^2}} = (-\infty)^6 + \sqrt[3]{2} = \infty$$

b)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} = \text{neexistuje, funkce není spojitá v } x = 1.$$

c)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \text{neexistuje, funkce není spojitá v } x = 0.$$

d)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \cos 0 = 1$$

e)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln^2(1 + \cos x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \ln(1 + \cos x) \cdot \ln(1 + \cos x) = (-\infty) \cdot (-\infty) = \infty$$

f)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x e^{\frac{1}{x}} = \infty \cdot e^0 = \infty \cdot 1 = \infty$$

g)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3e^{2x}}{e^{2x} + 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{2x} \cdot 3}{e^{2x} + e^{-2x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3}{1 + e^{-2x}} = \frac{3}{1+0} = 3$$

h)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \arcsin\left(\frac{1-x}{1+x}\right) =$$

DU

Určete rovnice tečen kolmých k $p: 2x + 4y - 3 = 0$ hyperboly $7x^2 - 2y^2 = 14$.

$$\begin{array}{llll}
 2x + 4 - 3 = 0 & k = -\frac{1}{2} & 7x^2 - 2y^2 = 14 & \frac{7x}{\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{7x^2 - 14}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 2 \\
 y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{4} & k_p \cdot k_t = -1 & y = \sqrt{\frac{7x^2 - 14}{2}} & \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{7x^2 - 14}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
 & k_t = 2 & y' = \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{7x^2 - 14}{2}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} 7x & 7x = 4\left(\frac{7x^2 - 14}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \\
 & & & \frac{7}{4}x = \sqrt{\frac{7x^2 - 14}{2}} \\
 t: y = f(a) + f'(a)(x - a) & & & \frac{49}{16}x^2 = \frac{7x^2 - 14}{2} \\
 t_1: y = -1 + 2x & & & 98x^2 = 112x^2 - 225 \\
 T_1 = [4, 7] & & & -14x^2 + 224 = 0 \\
 t_2: y = 1 + 2x & & & x_{1,2} = \pm 4 \\
 T_2 = [-4, -7] & & &
 \end{array}$$

Rovnice tečen jsou $t_1: y = -1 + 2x$ a $t_2: y = 1 + 2x$ a body dotyku jsou $T_1 = [4, 7]$ a $T_2 = [-4, -7]$.